

Cdn Geog 1202 Exam
June 2009
ESL supplement

Part A- Multiple Choice

1. imaginary = not real



2. bend = move in the middle (Your arm bends at the elbow)

3. See exam.

4. portion = part

soil = earth

partially = part

decayed = rotted, turned to dust

5. illustrate = show.

6. decline = decrease

7. production = making; steel = metal

8. See exam.

9. See exam.

10. lower tariffs = low taxes privileges = special things you can do

11. well established = common, frequent

12. peasant = farmers and poorer people

settlers = people who live in a place for the first time

13. illustration = picture

14. cod landings = how much fish was caught

a. the amount of fish went down and then went back up

b. the amount of fish didn't change much for a while and then went down a lot in the early 1900s

c. More fish was caught during the late 1960s

d. In total, it went down, but went up a little bit in the late 1970s

15. Why do some communities exist far from others?

16. See exam.

17. variety = many differences and lots of choices

18. See exam.

19. mass produced = made in large quantity/ many, many are made

achieved = reached/ got

20. See exam.

21. See exam.

22. See exam.

23. See exam.

24. See exam.

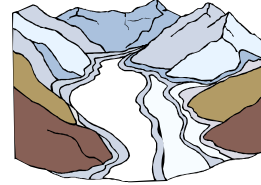
25. See exam.

26. See exam.

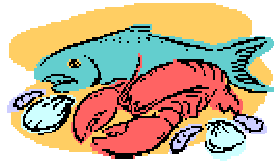
27. See exam.

28. See exam.

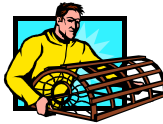
29. See exam.
 30. When soil loses minerals because water moves down through it is ____.
 31. When a country puts a maximum on how many products can come into the country or how much they are worth (=cost), this is called ____.
 32. See exam.
 33. When water changes from gas to liquid because it gets colder, this is called ____
 34. inlet = where the ocean comes inside the land



35. See exam.
 36. See exam.



37. lobster =



- a. to make the traps heavier
 b. the smell will keep hunters away



- c. buoys show where the traps are



- d. bait = something you put to catch something else.

38. Canada's population is:
 a. Spread about the same all across the country.
 b. Spread about the same in central Canada (Ontario/Quebec)
 c. Mostly in the geographic centre of the country



- d. Spread along the border with the US

39. See exam.
 40. Services that use high technology to make, find, keep and give out information is:

Part B

1. a) construct = draw label = write the names of the parts on it
b) See exam.
c) distinguish = say how they're different
d) Explain why water and land keep/hold heat differently.

2. See exam.
3. a) criteria = characteristics/qualities/requirements
distance from shore = how far they are from land
boat size = how big the boat is
crew size = how many people work on the boat
time at sea = how long they're gone for

b) collapse = end
c) See exam.

4. See exam.
5. b) components = parts

PART C Case Study

Farm problems show basic weaknesses with NAFTA

Paragraph 1:

just as the news from Mexico was turning bad = when Mexico's situation got worse

Paragraph 2:

One that helped tip the balance = the thing that caused the agreement to be passed

Reduce = decrease, make smaller

Paragraph 3:

Opposition to the pact = going against the agreement

Motivated primarily = caused most

Helped usher in the greatest decade of US prosperity = started the best ten years for the US economy

Paragraph 4:

But saw its growth hobbled by the 1993 peso devaluation = Mexico was hurt when the peso lost value in 1993

Paragraph 5:

Abate = slow down/decrease

Residing = living

Are still crossing at a rate = still come into the United States with numbers of

Astounding = amazing/surprising

Pressure = stress

Paragraph 6:

deadline = date by which something must happen

removal = taking away (the noun for “remove”)

began sounding the alarm = started to say that there would be trouble

Paragraph 7:

Well subsidized = getting lots of money from government to help them

Doomed = there's no hope for them/there's no way it can go well/something terrible is going to happen to them

Paragraph 8:

Prospect = something that might happen in the future/future possibility

Option = choice

Paragraph 9:

Staple = a basic product

That accounts for 55% of Mexico's cultivated land = more than half the farms in Mexico grow corn

Seek to = try to

Out of business = have no jobs

Paragraph 10:

That's what free trade is all about, you say = free trade is supposed to create competition – some people win and some people lose.

Overall = in total/in general

a boon = an excellent, wonderful thing

transforming = changing

deficit = what you owe

surplus = extra

Paragraph 11:

prosperity = having enough money/doing well financially

which forces nations into more efficient economic specialization = which forces countries to focus their economy on just a few things

undesirable = not wanted

Paragraph 12:

Economic forces that drive these people ... are good neither for Mexico nor America = When people have to leave farms to come into cities or move to the United States, this isn't good for Mexico and it isn't good for the United States.

Paragraph 13:

Depopulate = take people from

To stay put = to not move, to stay where they are

Paragraph 14:

To subsidize at European and American farm rates = to give as much money to their farmers as Europe and the United States.

Work force = the people who work

Paragraph 15:

precisely = exactly

the element = the thing

wealthy = rich

Paragraph 16:

Violate the principles of = break the rules of/go against the rules of

Do so for a higher cause = they break the rules in order to get something better

Stability = when things don't change quickly/things stay the same/things are dependable

Paragraph 17:

absence = not having

unlike = different from

lacked = didn't have

the political muscle = political strength/they're not strong enough

insist on = demand

was not far-sighted enough = couldn't see far enough into the future

Paragraph 18:

broader = wider/bigger

reductions = decline/decrease/getting smaller

bilaterally = going both ways/equal partners

Paragraph 19:

propose = suggest

negotiations = talks/discussions to reach an agreement

funds = money

QUESTIONS

1. stand for = what words do the letters NAFTA represent?
2. See exam.
3. What did NAFTA think would happen to the movement of Mexican people and money in Mexico?
4. currently reside = now live
5. See exam.
6. See exam.
7. See exam.
8. See exam.
9. How has NAFTA changed the US economy?
10. See exam.
11. See exam.
12. crops = plants you grow for food
13. provides equal benefits = gives the same advantages or good points